Материал для дистанционного обучения.

 **Дата: до 11.06**

**Работы присылайте на электронный адрес: yulya.bipert@eandex.ru, Viber, VK**

**1. Прочитайте текст**

Education in Russia

Every **citizen of** our country has **the right to education.** This right **is guaranteed by the Constitution.** It is not only the right but **a duty,**too. Every boy or girl must **get secondary education.** They go to school at the age of six or seven and must stay there until they are 14 - 17 years old. At school pupils study **academic subjects,** such as Russian, Literature, Mathematics,Histiry,Biology, a foreing language and others.

After f**inishing 9 forms** of a secondary school young people can continue their education in the 10th and the 11th form. They can also go to **a vocational** or **technical school,** where they study academic subjects and **receive a profession.** A college **gives general knowledge in** academic subjects and **a profound knowledge in** one or several subjects.

After finishing a secondary, vocational, technical school or college, young people can start working or **enter an institute or a university.** Institutes and universities **train specialists in** different fields. A **course** at an institute or a university usually takes some years. Many universities have **evening and extramural departments and distant learning (distant educating)** they give their students **an opportunity** to study **without leaving their jobs.** Institutes and universities usually have **graduate course,** which **give candidate or doctoral degrees.**

Education in our country **free** at schools**. T**here are some privite primary and secondary schools where pupiles have to pay or there studies. Students of institutes and universities **get scholarships.** At many universities there are also departments where students have **to pay for their education.**

**2. Answer the questions (ответьте на вопросы по английски)**

1. What does the phrase "the right to education" mean?
2. Why is education a duty, too?
3. What subjects do pupils study at school?
4. What can young people do after finishing the 9th form?
5. what subjects do young people study at technical schools and at college?
6. What can young people do after finishing the 11th form?
7. Do children and people in this country have to pay for education?T

**3. Translate into English (переведите на английский)**

1. Право на образование в России гарантируется конституцией.
2. В средней школе ученики изучают академические предметыю
3. После окончания 9 класса средней школы молодые люди могут пойти в техникум.
4. Там они изучают академические предметы и получают специальное образование.
5. Студенты вечернего, заочного и дистанционного отделений могут получить образование, одновременно работая.
6. В частных школах и на некоторых отделениях университетов нужно платить за образование.